



Task A. HEADS & TAILS

Match up the two halves of the sentences below:

- | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|---|
| 1) A lack of food and water | a) | by air, sea and land but much of it is not getting through. |
| 2) Killer diseases such as | b) | in the Caribbean where most people are already poor. |
| 3) The injured are suffering | c) | is a major threat to the survivors of the earthquake. |
| 4) Aid has been sent to Haiti | d) | government almost disappeared when the disaster struck. |
| 5) President Obama announced .. | e) | such as the UN and EU rushed to help the people of Haiti. |
| 6) The capital Port-au-Prince | f) | because there is a severe shortage of medicine. |
| 7) Services run by the | g) | escaped when prison buildings collapsed. |
| 8) Haiti is a small country | h) | cholera often follow in the wake of a natural disaster. |
| 9) International organisations | i) | more than 16,000 US troops were heading to Haiti to help. |
| 10) Thousands of prisoners | j) | has millions of residents who were badly affected by the quake. |

Task B. THE REPORT

You now have three sources of information.

Firstly there are the sentences you matched up in Task A. Secondly, you have the images and words in this box which are all connected with the Haiti earthquake in some way. Thirdly, you have your own knowledge of the Haiti earthquake.

Your teacher may also show you some TV news bulletins or perhaps you can carry out your own research on the internet.

For Task B you must now write a report of some kind on the Haiti earthquake. Your teacher will tell you where to write it and how long it should be. Possible formats are a news report, a poster, a fictional story or a project with a mixture of words and images.



Britons donate millions



miracle rescues offer hope

violence breaks out over shortages



United Nations



capital city needs rebuilding



No.16 - Answers

TASK A: HEADS & TAILS

- | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|---|
| 1) A lack of food and water | c) | is a major threat to the survivors of the earthquake. |
| 2) Killer diseases such as | h) | cholera often follow in the wake of a natural disaster. |
| 3) The injured are suffering | f) | because there is a severe shortage of medicine. |
| 4) Aid has been sent to Haiti | a) | by air, sea and land but much of it is not getting through. |
| 5) President Obama announced .. | i) | more than 16,000 US troops were heading to Haiti to help. |
| 6) The capital Port-au-Prince | j) | has millions of residents who were badly affected by the quake. |
| 7) Services run by the | d) | government almost disappeared when the disaster struck. |
| 8) Haiti is a small country | b) | in the Caribbean where most people are already poor. |
| 9) International organisations | e) | such as the UN and EU rushed to help the people of Haiti. |
| 10) Thousands of prisoners | g) | escaped when the prison buildings collapsed. |

TASK B: REPORT

Pupils should prepare a report in line with the specific instructions provided by the class teacher. Format and content can vary widely as circumstances dictate.